

If $y = A \sin[B(x - C)] + D$

Period = $\frac{Period_0}{B}$ The original period for a sin, cos, sec, & csc is 2π and for tan or cot it is π

Frequency=
$$\frac{1}{P}$$
 Phase Shift = C Amplitude =A= $\left| \frac{\text{max} - \text{min}}{2} \right|$

D=middle of the graph =
$$\frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2}$$
 Range= [min,max]

REVIEW for QUIZ 5.1-5.3

I will give you everything above the line as seen with your quiz.

- -know how to convert between radians and degrees
- -know how to convert between sin and cos using the Fundemental Identity
- -know how to evaluate the $\sin(270^\circ)$ using the unit circle (in this case it is -1)
- -know how to use your calculator to solve $1-\sin^2(160^\circ) + \cos(40^\circ/4)$
- -know all about how to graph a sin and cos function- streetching/shrinking, amplitude, period, frequency, Range, phase shift,... (Note: I am giving you the equations above but you must be able to graph and also find all these quantities.)
- -know how to do a spring problem. I will give you the formula.